Problem #4 Agbirigba

Liam McKnight

Graded by

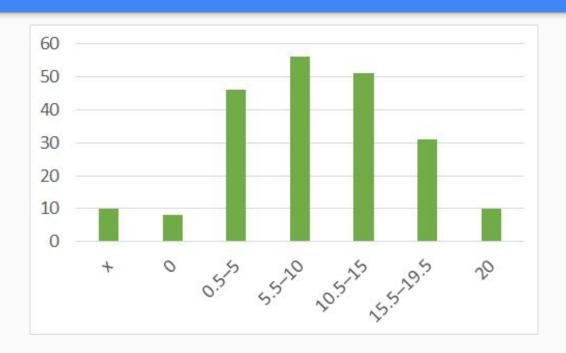
- Alexander Piperski
- Pan Tung-Le
- Dmitry Gerasimov
- Myself

(With thanks to all those who helped translate solutions)

Stats stats

- 2nd easiest problem by average score
- Average score: 9.18/20
- 10 people scored full marks!

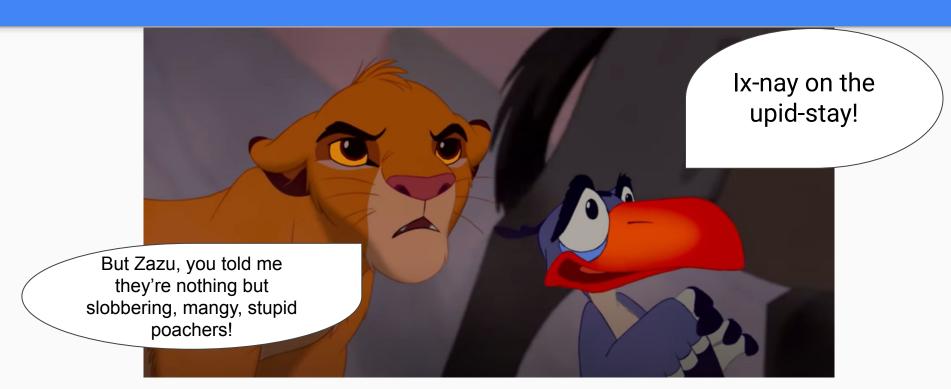
Stats stats stats



Secret languages

- Transformations of ordinary language
- Usually involves adding or moving around sounds or syllables
- Found all over the world, for many different uses

Pig Latin (a form of English, not Latin)

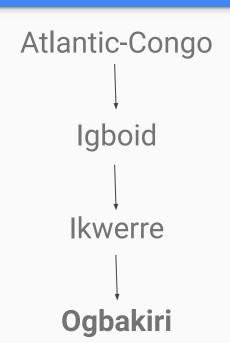


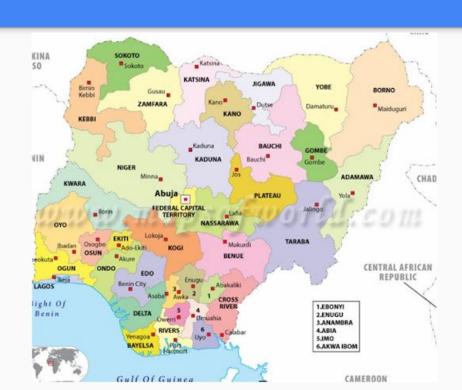
Qu language

Agriciation Logic of Agbirigba is same as "Qu language" [Horin this language you should add "qu" por each hece [I forgot its english form, so I wrote in turkish "] // P. S. hece-is small part of a word.

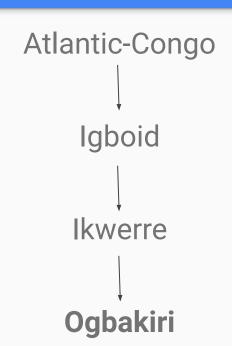
In Agbirigha, tiltiltult vand their other variants) using in order to hide the word. Italy you should use one of the

Ogbakiri & Agbirigba





Ogbakiri & Agbirigba





Ogbakiri & Agbirigba

 Agbirigba was "born from the need to communicate secretly by a (recently) persecuted section of the Ogbakiri community" (Akinlabi & Ndimele, 2013)

Unintelligible to most other Ogbakiri speakers

 In 2010, only around 30 people reported being able to speak and understand Agbirigba

Appears to be fairly straightforward - add *t* + *vowel* before every syllable, that's it.

Ogbakiri	Agbirigba		
ńdá	ńtódá		
bísí	túbítísí		
дуд	àtìyà		
mbórô	ńtőbátőrá		
óţſí	átítfí		
òtű	òtűtű		
mi̇̃ni̇̃	tἷmi̇̃ti̇̃ni̇̃		
wềrữ	tữwềtữrữ		
ὲbố	ὲtớbố		
àwâ	àtớwà		

Ogbakiri	Agbirigba
rímế	tírítűmế
mấnỗ	tỡ̃mốtỡ́nồ
íbèrè	ítùbètìrè
áyẫ	átấyầ
์ อ่าชั้	<u>ó</u> tốnố
mấyỗ	tỡ̃mốtấyồ
ŋ̀gàdấ́	ntờgàtốdấ
ómĩrĩmầ	ótồmĩtrritồmầ
àgìrìgò	àtìgìtìrìtògò
wếnế	tűwếtḯnế́

"Which problem did you find the easiest?"

Quel problème vous a paru le plus facile?

4 mais parjuis les apparances sont humpeuses....

"4, but sometimes appearances can be deceptive..."

- Insert tV before every syllable with the form CV
- Insert it *after* the first sound of words starting with:
 - a vowel

- o a syllabic nasal (m, n, n, n, carrying tone)
- The nasal consonant assimilates to t (becomes n)

V is the same as the following vowel in terms of:

Nasality

- Tone (high/low)
 - Falling tone 'splits' into high followed by low

^	/ \
ว์ น วั	átĩyầ
aya	atiya
•	_

V is the same as the following vowel in terms of:

Tongue root position

 ϵ , i, o and v are pronounced as e, i, o and u respectively, but with the root of the tongue further back in the mouth.

eiou	[+ATR]	wềrữ	tữwềtữrữ		
висіз	[-ATR]	ὲbố	ὲtớbố	ńdá	ńtódá

(No word in O. or A. may contain vowels with different [ATR])

- V is selected from i/I/u/υ
- May be determined by following consonant:
 - Before a labial consonant (b/m/w): select u/υ

```
bísí túbítísí rímế tíritűmế wếnế tűwếtinế
```

Before y: select i/I

áyẫ átấyầ

- Otherwise, V is determined by the following vowel:
- Before rounded (o/o/u/v) or back vowels (a): select u/v

```
òtű òtűtű ńdá ńtódá
```

Before front vowels (e/ε/i/I): select i/I

```
átí átítí
```

Assignments

(a) Exception: míní ~ tímítíní

-- should be **túmítíní**, because **m** is a labial consonant

Assignments

(b)

2. rèwṽ

1. rútû → t**ú**rú t**ú**tù

→ tire tuwu

3. bíkó → t**ú**bí t**ú**kó

4. ńyế rìyầ → **ń**t**ĩ**yế t**ì**rì t**ĩ**yầ

5. bέkw $\tilde{\upsilon}$ \rightarrow t $\dot{\boldsymbol{\upsilon}}$ bέ t $\dot{\boldsymbol{\upsilon}}$ k w $\tilde{\upsilon}$

6. ríyồrồ → tírí tầyồ t**ù**rồ

7. hwògâ

→ t**ừ**hwàt**ứ**gà

Honourable mentions

Honourable mentions

The following contestants scored 20/20:

Xie Lingrui Hong Kong EAT

Ritam Nag India Saffron

Daria Kryvosheieva Ukraine i

Roman Shabanov Netherlands Patat

Honourable mentions

The following contestants scored 20/20:

Merlin Fischer

Germany Streichholzschächtelchen

Mihai-Alexandru Bratu

Romania

Olga Zinovyeva

Russia Strelka

Best solutions

[tɪliɪetiniit tʊzajtɪtsif]

Russia Belka

Leonid Zaitsev

Russia Belka

[atrliktusantudə tulobtusən]



Alexander Robson



[ertitem tihretstvke]

Ukraine i

Artem Hrechka

Ukraine i

Acknowledgements

- Ikwerre consultant: Maureen Abel
- My fellow markers
- The IOL Problem Committee
- Everyone who submitted solutions (even though it gave us a lot of work)
 - The 10 people who didn't submit solutions (you gave us slightly less work to do)

Sources

Akinbiyi Akinlabi and Ozo-Mekuri Ndimele (2013). *Agbirigba: The birth of an Igboid language*.

- G. N. Clements and Sylvester Osu (2003). *Ikwere Nasal Harmony in Typological Perspective*.
- G. N. Clements and Sylvester Osu (2005). Nasal harmony in Ikwere, a language with no phonemic nasal consonants.