

② Gaahmg splits its possession into alienable & inalienable.
 explanation.

inalienable: (body parts, ~~the possessed~~ relatives)

Max Fisher-Ayres
 Seat: 402-8
 Team: Trap-Bath
 Language: English (UK)
 Problem 2
 Sheet # 1/2

{ POSSESSIVE PRONOUN } POSSESSED NOUN

The possessive pronoun is as follows:

	sg	pl
1st sg	a	$\bar{a}g$
2nd	* o	$\bar{o}g$
3rd	$\bar{e}$	$\bar{e}g$

* a & o
 are á & ó
 before relatives, &
 $\bar{a}$ & $\bar{o}$ before body parts.

alienable: (possessions, items, pets etc.)

POSSESSED NOUN { POSSESSIVE PRONOUN }

The possessive pronoun is as follows:

		POSSESSOR	
		sg	pl
POSSESSED	sg	$\acute{V}\grave{V}n$	$\bar{V}y\grave{V}n$
	pl	$\acute{V}n\grave{V}g$	$\bar{V}y\grave{V}g$

person	1st	2nd	3rd
vowel	a	u	i

for 3rd person, a suffix -T is also attached to the possessive pronoun.

tone:

eg.

pēbārēeg > pēbārēeg

Tone is mostly lexically determined on nouns; however, if a ~~possessor~~ body parts is plural, with a plural possessor, all vowels except the final one are low tone, and the final vowel is mid tone.

plurals:

plurals are largely irregular; however, plurals of relatives will end -d, whilst all others end -g.

Max FISHOR - AYROR
602-8 en(B)
VK

LP

Sgt

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Answer sheet: **Problem 2**

(a)

1 J	2 A	3 D	4 T	5 E	6 S	7 F	8 B	9 P	10 L
11 H	12 N	13 G	14 M	15 Q	16 K	17 O	18 I	19 C	20 R

- (b)
- ē tááǎà – his grandmother
 - ē mǎǎǎ – his grandfather

This is unexpected, as É would be expected from the data for relatives.

- (c)
21. āg bǎǎǎāg – our shoulders
 22. ǎǎǎǎǎǎg āyǎg – our hammers
 23. ē bǎǎǎǎāg – his shoulders
 24. ē túndǎǎǎ – your_{sg} elbows
 25. ó máǎm – your_{sg} aunt

- (d)
26. my grindstone – ǎǎǎǎǎǎǎǎǎ
 27. their cheeks – ēg fǎndǎg
 28. your_{pl} anchor – tǎǎǎǎǎǎǎǎǎ
 29. our uncle – āg ābǎǎǎ
 30. your_{sg} dogs – ǎǎǎǎǎǎǎǎǎ