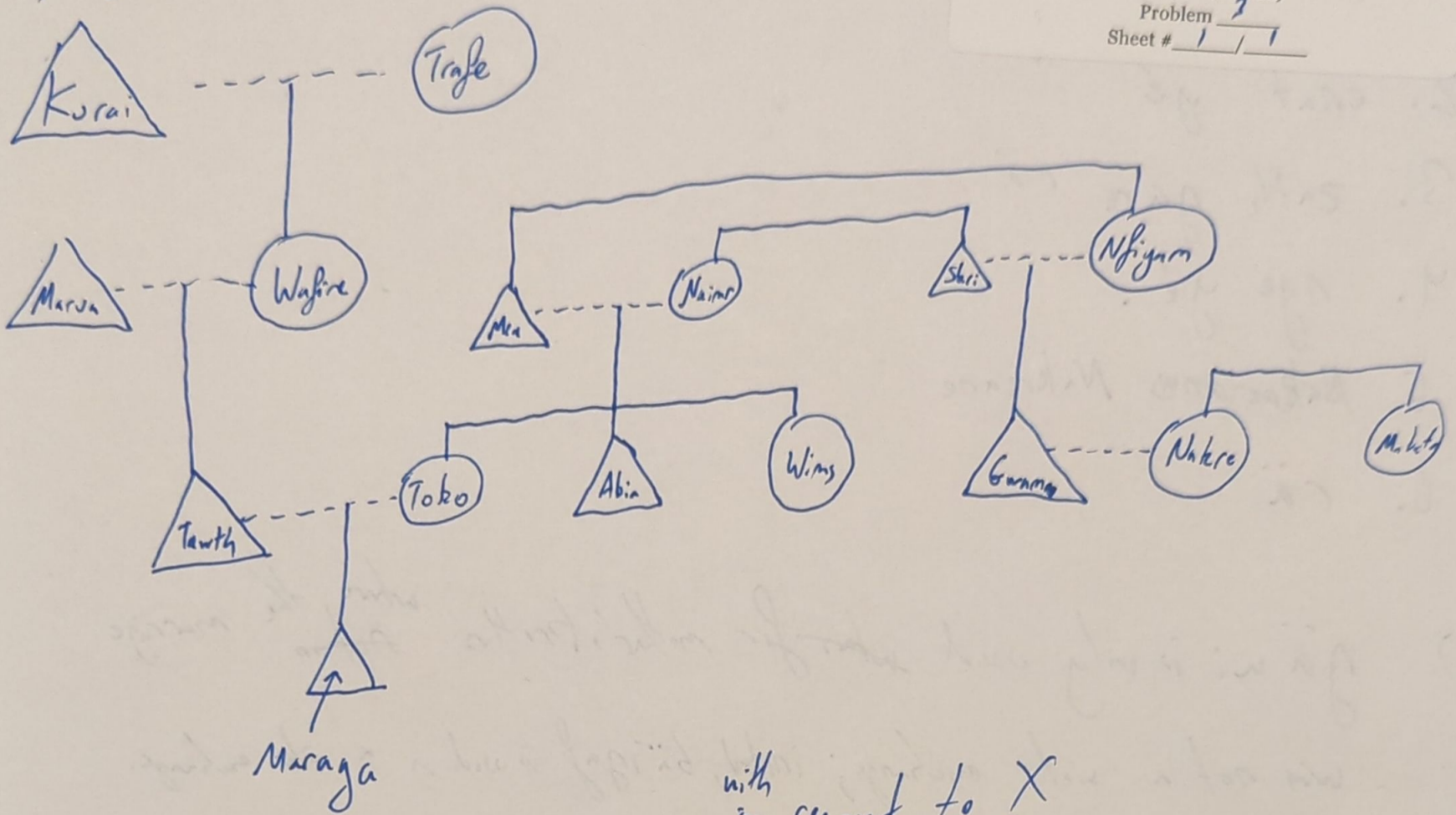


3.
 a) ~~Draw~~



X-are = with respect to X

nge = child
 gafe = father
 gare = mother

rä = is (f. subj.)
 ye = is (m. subj.)

yumad = First Cousin's wife

Zath = grandfather / grand son

Zath gare = grandmother / granddaughter

bäig^m = ~~Sister exchange~~
 Father's sister (in a sister exchange)

bäig^f = Mother's brother (in a sister exchange)

erant = Son in law Daughter's husband

gäwi = Mother's brother (not in a sister exchange)

yamit = ~~Brother's~~ Mother's brother's child (Cousin)

nare = Younger sibling, ngti = Older sibling

b) 1. bañ

bäigam rä

2. enat yé

3. zath gare rä.

4. nge yé.

5. ~~Nakreane~~ Nakreane

6. rä

c) njäwi is only used ~~where~~ for mother's, brothers ^{where the marriage} ~~is~~
was not a sister exchange; instead, bäigaf is used in a sister exchange.

So
~~the system~~, the system should read:

31. Skri Abiāne bäigaf yé.